Literature Review

Dr. S.A.N Inamdar (2004) stated that the conventional libraries are now in transforming phase. "The techniques of accumulation gathering of information, centers in the country especially in the Universities have been producing the required quality manpower as per demands made in the social system.

Since the dawn of independence in India, higher education system has grown eponymously. It expanded in an unprecedented manner not experienced by any other nation in the World, in recent times. The advent of information technology products like computer and internet have further made it possible to spread the higher education even in remote corners of the country (Kamil 2002).

Varalakshmi, R.S.R., (2004) “analyzed in his study about the preset collection development procedures under the impact of electronic information processing it and way of disseminating it among the readers have also drastically been changed. The librarians, therefore, have to get acquainted with the new trends of fruitful training on library automation and electronic” information handling which they are lacking. An attempt has been made to draw a strategic plan for electronic information handling for library professionals. He also suggested some points to the librarian for information handling technology' strategy are under take a systematic, assessment readers information, competence to develop a bench mark, develop a model list of information competence skills for readers, develop pilot information competence programs of course, utilize computer software that enables the librarians for information competence and develop a workbook and checklist to assist the subordinate for information competence.

Abdulla Ali Dualeh (2005) described the nature and scope of the journal migration. He went as .the impact of this decision on the library and its user community. He also discussed about the development of e journal, at UAFU and highlighted the impact of e journals on the library and its users He also stated that the UAFU libraries are still in the stage of building and effective electronic resource base. The electronic resources committee plans to facilitate studies related to he nature and degree of use.
Perlmet, B. and Azzez T.A., Abdul21 (2004) discussed about the need of e-publishing Electronic journals and electronic books pay agricultural role in the changing scenario of libraries and information centers. They also discussed about the engineering technology of electronic publishing. e-publishing is the publishing process where the manuscripts are submitted in electronic form, edited, printed and distributed to readers via computers and the network of computers. It means that e-publishing realize the dissemination of information through electronic media in all its various stages. This paper covered e journals, e-books, advantages of e journals and, e-books, publishers of scholarly e journals and important e-publishing initiatives.

Ameen, Kanwal and Haider, S.J.S (2007) explore some major challenges in the area of collection management faced by university libraries in Pakistan. The challenges regarding collection management in university libraries in Pakistan are handling the hybrid character of collections, service to users, training of collection management staff, collection evolution, resources sharing an observation. This paper, provides and example of the challenges of university libraries in a developing country which must plan and develop a customized paradigm of library service which combines the traditional and modern services.

Henry, Elizabeth, Long staff, Rachel and Kampen, Doris Van (2008) tried to illustrate, outcome and result of a collection analysis done by a smaller academic library. The collection was evaluated using an online analysis tool combined with a physical inventory of the collection Peer group comparison called some of the problems with this particular collection were collection to patrons was clear, not only e-books provide resources to remote students; they help compensate for shortfalls in the print collection. The catalog more accurately reflects what is on the shelf and also what is reported to OCLC. Access to the collection has been improved and enhanced. Steps were taken to refocus the library's collection development procedures and management. The charges made have led to increased faculty involvement in selection and more balanced, more comprehensive collection management plan. For any library considering whether they can or should do an analysis, the article illustrates that the benefits are well worth the
time and expense. The analysis had a positive impact on collection development and management.

Teel, Linda M.3 (2008) aimed to discuss significant outcomes of change and improvement in a collection based on the inventory outcomes. Featuring a case study of the East Carolina University Joyner Library Teaching Resources Center, application of the shelf analysis data is used to develop a long-range plan for implementing changes and improvements in the collection development process and outcomes are discussed and explained. Through assessment, budgeting and collaborative collection development successful outcomes were accomplished significantly improving and increasing services and resources for users. The results of an initial inventory project conducted in the East Carolina University Teaching Induction of information technology has brought a new challenge for academicians. A computer literate faculty members are expected to he benefited from CD-ROM databases, effectively use OPAC and on line services and confidently explore the amazing world of internet.

Mills. Grace M. (2009) revealed that e-Resources offers today's users with many opportunities that were not available to predecessors. The e-journal service for the users, it is extremely important to Show the accountability because e-journals are quite expensive and are leased rather than purchased. Present study was undertaken to know the level of use of the available electronic journals, how faculty and students feel about various issues relating to e-journals and whether attitudes change depending upon gender, age, access place and branch of study etc. They concluded, that the younger generation has accepted the digital reading culture. Low level problems, especially delays in gaining access and impediments to moving about, within and between journals are major de-motivating factors in the use of electronic journals.

Bhatt. R.K. (2010) has highlighted the impact of computers in the pedagogical process, and the use of various computer applications in education like drill and practice, tutorials, simulations, problems solving applications. Palola (1989) has suggested that role of instructors should be considered in challenging education scenario. He argued for on-line database searching skills to compile bibliographies.
Upadhyay, M.P. and Singh, Shankar and Bajpai, R.P. (2010) investigated how agriculture academics had been using internet services and sources. Summers (1995) has emphasized the importance of internet as a-learning tool and easy and quick access to global information as well as easy and fast communication.

Singh, Vinod Kumar (2010) considers the present challenge to academics the network and consortia in the development of Agriculture information system.

Chaudhary Divya and Sukul. Shiva Kanaujia (2010) have emphasized the need for resource sharing in agricultural universities and research centers and use of information sources. They further discussed agriculture libraries network at national and international level.

They also stated that some of the problems are within the control of the publishers and can be alleviated by the publishers like length on screen reading, double column layouts the Adobe Acrobat software does not support user-friendly journals usage. It is slow to deliver articles. There are some factors those are not under the control of the publishers of e-journals such as network delay, increasing traffic and inadequate bandwidth etc. are to be taken care of the subscribers.

Gopal Krishnan. S. and Saravanan T. (2010) stated that electronic information sources are the prime attraction of readers in today's networked environment. It is equally evident that it is difficult to know what information exists, which format it is available and where to look for it. Many search engine, directories and virtual libraries facilitate retrieving information required from web sources. Creation of one's own library website plays a significant role in providing single point access to e-Resources created within and also available elsewhere free or against subscription on internet.

Equal, Momawar and Shail. Nadeern (2010) stated that internet are likely to play more important roles in many aspects to medicine in the future. But for the health care professional and the health consumer, accessing accurate information on the web is not easy. This paper makes an effort to list the selected web resources on medical sciences which are useful for learning, teaching, patient care and research activities of the medical institution. They also concluded that with so many web sites available on medical and
health related information, it is impossible for any user to get the information user seeks in the shortest possible time. The URLS of selected web resources mentioned in the paper will help in locating health related information for medical professionals, students and librarians. However in most of the cases, free access to the full text may not be possible as one has to be a paid individual or institutional subscriber.

Bhatt, R.K. (2010) emphasizes the need of knowing, how to evaluate CD-ROMs and online reference sources, enumerates the important characteristics of reference sources and finally describes various criteria in detail which can be used for evaluation of e-Resources. She also stated that for evaluating e-Resources, one should be very critical of any information found on web, and it should be carefully examined. The most important thing about internet sources is to know links given to other web pages are current as well as the qualitative in nature.

Singh, Vinod Kumar (2010) discussed that the challenges posed by the accelerating pace of change in the world of information especially in developing countries and stresses the importance of managing the change by focusing on collection development (inclusive of electronic resources), training and development skills of the information professionals and also library users. It also examined and provided general views on how libraries and information centres should approach the situation in order to accomplish and acquire at least simple electronic resources while talking into consideration the library and information policy.

Choudhary, Divya, Shukla, Shiva, Kanaujia (2010) discussed about the need of e-publishing. Electronic journals and electronic books pay a crucial role in the changing scenario of Agriculture University libraries and information centres. They also discussed about the emerging technology of electronic publishing. E-publishing is a publishing process where the Mas are submitted in electric form edited, printed and distributed to readers via computers and the network, of computers. It means that e-publishing realises the disseminated of information through electronic media in all its various stages. This paper covers e-journal, e-books, advantages of e-journal and e-books, publishers of scholarly e-journals and important e-publishing initiatives.