Hypothesis of the Study

The hypothesis is a powerful tool in research process to achieve dependable knowledge. It helps the researcher has to relate theory to observation and observation to theory. The hypothesis is precisely defined as a tentative or working proposition suggested as a solution to a problem. Hypothesis offers a solution of the problem that is to be verified empirically based on some rationale.

According to John.W. Best; “It is a shrewd guess or inference that is formulated and provisionally adopted to explain observed facts or conditions and to guide in further investigation.”

It is necessary to do hypothesis by the candidate to make research before doing its study and research for the subject selected. The hypothesis is a kind of statement which cannot be answered either in negative or positive. The person who is making research can prove the hypothesis either in negative or positive, and then this research can be considered possible.

\( \text{H}_01: \) There will be no significant difference between the mean women empowerment by micro-finance and micro-credit scores of the Social Status of the High level and Low level of Ahmedabad District.

\( \text{H}_02: \) There will be no significant difference between the mean women empowerment by micro-finance and micro-credit scores of the Areas of the Urban and Rural of Ahmedabad District.

\( \text{H}_03: \) There will be no significant difference between the mean women empowerment by micro-finance and micro-credit scores of the Types of the women work of the government and non-government of Ahmedabad District.

\( \text{H}_04: \) There will be no significant difference between the mean women empowerment by micro-finance and micro-credit scores of the Economic Status of the High level and Low level of Ahmedabad District.